



ILSI Health and Environmental Sciences Institute

DEVELOPMENT OF METHODS FOR A TIERED APPROACH TO ASSESS BIOACCUMULATION OF CHEMICALS SUBCOMMITTEE IN VITRO ADME WORKSHOP MARCH 3-4, 2006

Breakout Session I: Available In Vitro Approaches

Break out group 1: What are the *in vitro* (and physical) approaches and what data can they generate for fish B assessments?

<u>Goals</u>

- Produce a state-of-the-art overview on existing in vitro assays and physical systems used to model in vivo chemical behavior that can yield information useful to understand bioaccumulation potential

- Identify applications and the pros and cons to effectively use the individual approaches in B assessments

- Recommend steps to standardize tests

- (If time allows) Identify pros and cons of a tiered/combined approach integrating in vitro (and physical) systems with other non-animal approaches (e.g. computational and physiological models) to assess bioaccumulation.

Key questions

1. What in vitro and physical systems have been used to study...

- Bioaccumulation?
- Biotransformation and methods to evaluate "M" in ADME
- Bioavailability? Absorption and/or membrane permeability methods to evaluate "A and D" in ADME (e.g. CaCo2, SPMDs, PAMPA)
- Excretion? Other forms of depuration?
- a) What information is obtained from the various systems (e.g. metabolite profile?)
- b) Which chemicals/chemical classes have been analysed in the various systems?
- c) What are the pros and cons for each method?

2. What computational and physiological models have been used to study...

- Bioaccumulation?
- Biotransformation of chemicals?
- Bioavailability?
- Absorption and/or membrane permeability?
- Excretion? Other forms of depuration?
- a) What information is obtained from the various models (e.g., rate constants?)
- b) Which chemicals/chemical classes have been analysed in the various models?
- c) What are the pros and cons for each method?

3. What is needed to standardize approaches and facilitate comparisons among research groups?

Outcomes

- Consolidated list of existing in vitro and physical systems as well as computational and physiological models to assess bioaccumulation and related processes, as well as the nature/quality of data that can be generated by these systems.
- List of major knowledge gaps (e.g., insufficient comparative database, lack of systems/models for specific processes, inappropriate experimental conditions)
- Description of alternative approaches / techniques not already applied to fish which could be reapplied in piscine studies.